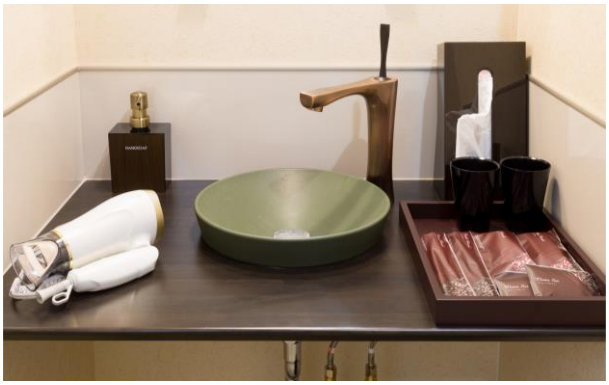
WITH
KYOTOYA × ENMACHI

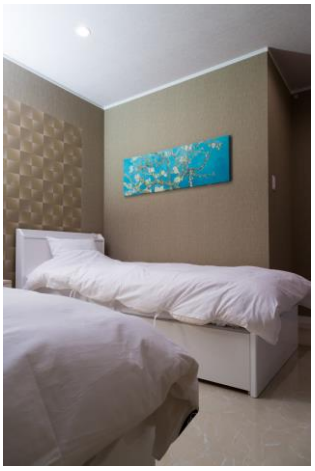
AN CLASSY AND NEW
KYOTO

Discover Kyoto with Kyotoya Enmachi

Experiencing the local life in Kyoto. Kyotoya Enmachi offers a different and unique experience compared to typical hotels or *ryokan*. We invite guests to a modern house that is exclusive to one group per person. Unlike other facilities we offer, Enmachi provides a taste of what it is like to live in Kyoto. With one western style bedroom and one traditional Japanese style bedroom, we are able to accommodate according to your preference.
In the luxurious and spacious living room, enjoy coffee and free Wi-Fi with your family and friends in this unique getaway.

BLEND OF NEW AND TRADITION





RESTRAUNTS&CAFÉ

1. 円町リバーブ　（Enmachi Reverb）

〒604-8464
京都府京都市中京区西ノ京南円町 135 コーポ円座 104

FOR REAL SPICE CURRY
［From Tuesday to Sunday ］
11:30～15:00
17:00～20:00
Monday is closed.

【カレーライス（鳥）※ミニサラダ付き】750 円
[Chicken Curry rice + mini salad] 750yen

2. Cook 和楽（Cook Waraku）

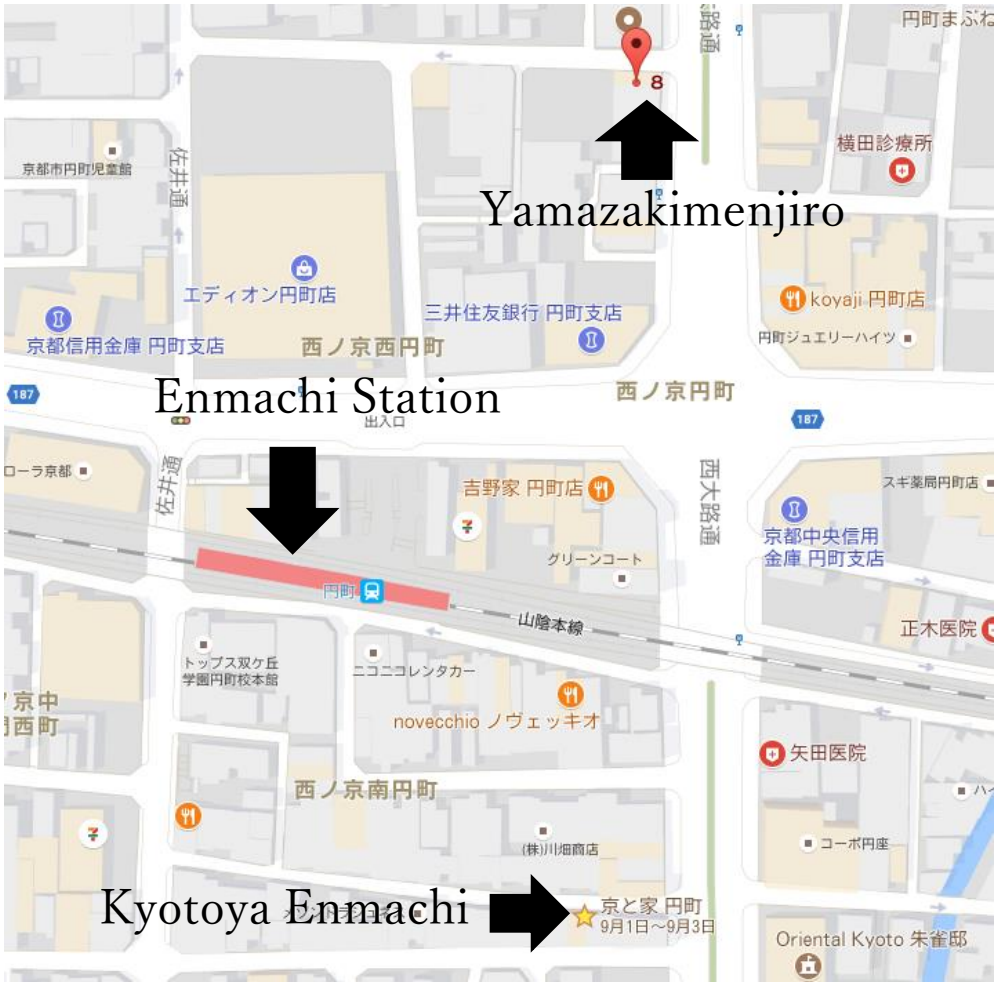
〒604-8463
京都府京都市中京区西ノ京円町２４-３

http://www.homecook.jp/
［Thursday is closed ］
11:30 ～ 14:00
17:30 ～ 20:00

3. 山崎麺二郎（YAMAZAKIMENJIRO）

〒604-8462
京都府京都市中京区西ノ京北円町 1-8
http://osietesite.com/gourmet/kyouto/men-kyouto/menjiro
11:30～14:00
18:00～22:00
Closed on Monday and Tuesday

A famous Ramen Restaurant in Kyoto



4. 岡田（OKADA）

〒604-8464
京都府京都市中京区西ノ京南円町 34

Japanese Pork Cutlet Restaurant

11:30～14:10
17:00～21:10
Closed on Tuesday .

5. 吉野家 (YOSHINOYA)

〒604-8463
京都府京都市中京区西ノ京円町３９
AM5:00～AM2:00

GYUDON Restaurant

6. なか卯（NAKAU)

〒604-8463
京都府京都市中京区西ノ京円町８
24h open
You can eat Oyakodon and Udon !

7. 京和食 ようしん　(KYO WASHOKU YOUSHIN

〒604-8431
京都府 京都市中京区 西大路御池東入ルー筋目上ル三筋目角西ノ京原町 21
火曜日～日曜日（Tuesday to Sunday）
17:00～23:00

Please enjoy for Kyoto's Vegetables, seasonal ingredients, and beautiful dishes

8. 円町　梅しん　(Enmachi Umeshin)

〒604-8452
京都府京都市中京区西ノ京伯楽町２５-２
日～金　(Monday to Friday)
17:00～23:00
土曜日　(Saturday)
17:00～24:00
Famous restaurant for Fried chicken and Motu Nabe

Sites to See Near Enmachi

The Toei Uzumasa Eigamura (東映太秦映画村, Tōei Uzumasa Eigamura; also known as Kyoto Studio Park or Movie Land) is a film set and theme park in one. Essentially a small town from the Edo Period, the park features a collection of various traditional buildings which are occasionally used as a backdrop for filming historical movies and television dramas.

The park includes entire streets depicting town scenes, including a replica of the old Nihonbashi Bridge, a traditional court house, a Meiji Period police box and part of the former Yoshiwara red light district. Park attendants dressed in historic costumes add to the atmosphere of the town. Actual filming takes place occasionally in various parts of the park, and visitors are welcome to observe the action.

Eigamura also has several other attractions and amusements for guests to experience including ninja performances, a ninja maze, a 360 degree 3D theater, filming demonstrations, and a haunted house that is claimed to be one of the scariest in Japan. Some of these require additional entrance fees. There are also exhibitions about popular TV series, video arcades, games, restaurants and souvenir shops.

It is also possible to dress up in period dress and get photographed in more than 30 different attires including samurai, geisha and ninja (8,500 to 16,000 yen). Guests may also rent period style costumes to wear as they enjoy the park.

ACCESS: Walk to Enmachi Station. Then take the JR line. The Toei Eigamura is a 15 minute walk from JR Hanazono Station.

Arashiyama (嵐山) is a pleasant, touristy district in the western outskirts of Kyoto. The area has been a popular destination since the Heian Period (794-1185), when nobles would enjoy its natural setting. Arashiyama is particularly popular during the cherry blossom and fall color seasons.

The Togetsukyo Bridge is Arashiyama's well known, central landmark. Many small shops, restaurants and other attractions are found nearby, including Tenryuji Temple, Arashiyama's famous bamboo groves and pleasure boats that are available for rent on the river.

North of central Arashiyama the atmosphere becomes less touristy and more rural, with several small temples scattered along the base of the wooded mountains. The area north of the Togetsukyo Bridge is also known as Sagano, while the name "Arashiyama" technically just refers to the mountains on the southern bank of the river but is commonly used to name the entire district.

One of the most enjoyable and convenient ways to travel around the Sagano area is by rental bicycle, which are available for around 1000 yen near the train stations. Cycling through rural residential areas and past fields while traveling between temples can be one of the most enjoyable parts of a visit to Arashiyama. There is also an attractive preserved town area near the Adashino Nenbutsuji Temple.

Arashiyama becomes most attractive (and busy) around early April and the second half of November when the cherry blossom and fall color seasons usually peak. During the summer months, traditional cormorant fishing is practiced on the Hozu River for tourists to watch. Another good time to visit is during December's Hanatoro illumination, when lanterns line the streets and bamboo groves.

ACCESS: Walk to Enmachi Station. Then take the JR line. Get off at Saga Arashiyama Station.

Togetsukyo Bridge

The Togetsukyo Bridge (lit. "Moon Crossing Bridge") is Arashiyama's most iconic landmark. It was originally built during the Heian Period (794-1185) and most recently reconstructed in the 1930s. The bridge looks particularly attractive in combination with the forested mountainside in the background. A riverside park with dozens of cherry trees is located just adjacent to the bridge.

Bamboo Groves

The walking paths that cut through the bamboo groves make for a nice walk or bicycle ride. The groves are particularly attractive when there is a light wind and the tall bamboo stalks sway gently back and forth. The bamboo has been used to manufacture various products, such as baskets, cups, boxes and mats at local workshops for centuries.

Daikakuji Temple

Hours: 9:00 to 17:00 (entry until 16:30)

Admission: 500 yen (600 yen combination ticket with Gioji)

Daikakuji is a temple of the Shingon sect of Japanese Buddhism. Formerly the residence of an emperor, the buildings were converted into a temple in 876. During its history the temple traditionally had members of the imperial family serve as the head priest. Beside the main temple buildings there is a large pond and a pagoda.

Tenryuji Temple

Hours: 8:30 to 17:30 (until 17:00 from late October to late March)

Admission: 500 yen for gardens, additional 300 yen to enter buildings

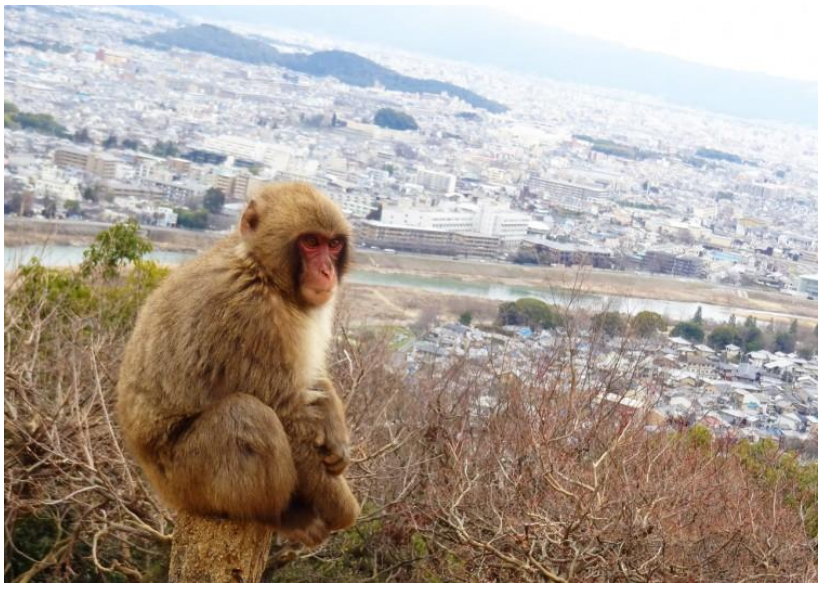
Ranked among Kyoto's five great Zen temples, Tenryuji is the largest and most impressive temple in Arashiyama. Founded in 1339 at the beginning of the Muromachi Period (1338-1573), the temple is one of Kyoto's many UNESCO World Heritage

Saga Scenic Railway

Hourly from 9:00 to 16:00 (until 17:00 on busy days)

620 yen one way between Torokko Saga and Torokko Kameoka Stations

The Saga Scenic Railway runs seven kilometers from Arashiyama to nearby Kameoka, mostly alongside the pretty Hozu River. The trains travel at a maximum speed of about 25 km/h during their 25-minute journey, so passengers can enjoy the scenery without it rushing by too quickly.



Monkey Park Iwatayama

Hours: 9:00 to 17:30 (until 16:30 from November to March 14. Entry until 30 minutes before close)

Closed: Days with heavy rain or snow

Admission: 550 yen

Located in the Arashiyama mountains, the entrance to the monkey park can be found just south of the Togetsukyo Bridge. After hiking uphill for about ten minutes, visitors will find an open area with over a hundred monkeys roaming freely. There are also nice views down onto the city.

NIJO CASTLE

Nijo Castle (二条城, Nijōjō) was built in 1603 as the Kyoto residence of Tokugawa Ieyasu, the first shogun of the Edo Period (1603-1867). His grandson Iemitsu completed the castle's palace buildings 23 years later and further expanded the castle by adding a five story castle keep.

After the Tokugawa Shogunate fell in 1867, Nijo Castle was used as an imperial palace for a while before being donated to the city and opened up to the public as a historic site. Its palace buildings are arguably the best surviving examples of castle palace architecture of Japan's feudal era, and the castle was designated a UNESCO world heritage site in 1994.

Nijo Castle can be divided into three areas: the Honmaru (main circle of defense), the Ninomaru (secondary circle of defense) and some gardens that encircle the Honmaru and Ninomaru. The entire castle grounds and the Honmaru are surrounded by stone walls and moats.

Visitors to Nijo Castle enter the castle grounds through a large gate in the east. English audio guides are available for rent (500 yen) at a kiosk just inside the gate. Venturing further into the castle will bring you to the Chinese style Karamon Gate, the entrance to the **Ninomaru** (secondary circle of defense), where the castle's main attraction, the Ninomaru Palace is located.

8:45 to 17:00 (admission until 16:00), entry to Ninomaru from 9:00 to 16:00
Admission: 600 Yen
English audio guides are available for 500 yen; furthermore, 90-minute guided tours of the castle in English are held twice per day for 2000 yen

ACCESS: Take the 15 Bus going to Shijo Kawaramachi and Sanjyo Keihan at the Enmachi Station. Get off at Karasuma Oike. From there will be a 7-minute walk to Nijo Castle.